MODELS 801, 804 Continued

output does not incorporate a feed condenser) and adjust T1, T2, T3 and T4 for maximum output.

SW Band.—Switch receiver to SW and adjust pointer to 15 megacycles. Inject a 15 megacycles signal into the aerial socket and adjust T5 and T6 for maximum output. Inject and tune in a 6 megacycle signal and adjust T7 while rocking gang to obtain maximum output. Retrim at 15 megacycles.

MW Band.-Inject and tune in a 1200 kc signal and adjust T8 and T9 for maximum output.

Inject and tune in a 580 kc signal and adjust T10 for maximum output while rocking gang.

Check over T8 and T9 adjustments.

LW Band.—Inject and tune in a 240kc signal and adjust T11, T12, for maximum output.

Inject and tune in a 145 kc signal and adjust T13 for maximum output while

Readjust T11 and T12 if necessary.

VALVE READINGS

ν	Type	Electrode	Volts	Ma.
1	6A8G	Anode	240	5.2
		Osc. anode	138	3.1
		Screen	90	3.4
		Cathode	1.8	
2	6U7G	Anode	240	7.2
		Screen	90	2.1
		Cathode	2.2	
3	6Q7G ∙	Anode	115	.4
		Grid	2.3	
4	6V6G	Anode	220	35
		Screen	240	3.2
_		Cathode	12	_
5	25Z6G	Cathode	340	
P	ilot lamps 6	-8v3 amps MP	C	

Above voltages apply when the smoothed HT measures 240v with a 1,000 opv meter, receiver switched to MW, gang fully meshed, A and E shorted and vol control at minimum.

Motor Field Winding

WHEN replacing the field coils on small electric motors after rewinding, be very careful to see that the turns are in the same direction as formerly and that the connections are the same. If not the motor will run slow and fail to turn a record when the pick-up is in position. If in any doubt, change the connections to one field coil.

The coils can be tested for correct connections by passing a current from a dry cell or accumulator through them and testing for polarity of the magnet poles. In a two-pole machine the opposite poles should have different polarity and a small compass will indicate if this is the case.—F. D-L.

FERGUSON 802, 805

Six-valve, plus rectifier and CR tuning indicator, superhet, with push-pull output. Manual tuning with press-button wavechange and radio-gram. switches. For operation from AC or DC mains, 200-250 v. The 802 is a table model and the 805 a radiogram.

THESE models employ a similar chassis and circuit to those in the Models 801-804 reviewed elsewhere in this issue. The essential differences are, the addition of a cathode ray tuning indicator and a push-pull output.

From the accompanying circuit diagram it will be seen that the cathode ray tuning indicator is designated V5 and its control grid is fed from the grid circuit end of R5, which is the AVC line to V2.

To feed the push-pull output the LF output from the anode circuit of V3 is split into two channels. One feeds direct via C29 to one of the output pentodes, V7. while the other channel is taken via C20 to a potential divider R19, R20, which cuts down the signal fed to the grid of the phase reversal valve, V4, and thus compensates for the extra amplification | VALVE READINGS of this valve.

The output from V4 is resistance capacity coupled by R24 and C26 to the grid of the second pentode output valve, V6.

Anode instability suppressors, R28 R 29, are connected in the anode circuit of V6 and V7, and extra loudspeaker sockets for a high impedance speaker are provided across the primary of the output transformer L14, L15.

Ganging is same as with 801.

CONDENSERS

C	 Mfd	C	Mfd
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 .0005 .0001 .1 20 mmfd. .004 .1 .00025 .1 .1 .00025 .0025 .02 .02	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	 .0001 .1 .01 .000025 .01 .25 .00025 .25 .25 .01 .16 .16
L	Ohms	\boldsymbol{L}	Ohm

WINDINGS							
L		1443	Ohms	ı L	,		Ohms
1			20	10			9
2			17	11			11
3	• •		3	12			9
5	• •	• •	.1 5	13	• •	• •	12
6	• •	• •	3	15	• •	••	330
ž	• • •	• •	1	16	• •	• •	.5
8			· 1	iž	• •	• • •	230

.5 Pickup*

_	1 ype	Electrodes	Volts	Ma.
1	6A8G	Anode	245	4
		Osc anode	140	4.7 2.3 3.1
		Screen	93	3.
_		Cathode	2	
2	6U7G	Anode	245	6.
		Screen	93	1.
		Cathode	2	
3	6Q7G	Anode	118	
		Grid	2.2	
4	6C5G	Anode	50	.:
4 5 6)	6G5	Anode	. 245	
6)		Anode	238	27
₇ S	6V6G	Screen	245	1.:
		Cathode	15	_
8 _	25Z6G	Cathode	340	_
P	ilot lamps	6-8v, .3 amps 1	MBC.	

Voltages measured with a 1,000 opv meter, A and E shorted, vol control at minimum, gang maximum capacity on MW.

	RESISTANCES						
	R		Ohms	R		Ohms	
	1		10,000	20		35,000	
	2		3 meg	21		.25 meg	
	3		150	22		.25 meg	
	4		.5 meg	23		25	
	2 3 4 5 6		.5 meg	24		.25 meg	
	6		.5 meg	25		.5 meg	
	7		2,500	26		300	
ı	8		25,000	27		.5 meg	
	9		25,000	28		100	
1	10		300	29		100	
ı	11		.5 meg	30		100	
ł	12		25,000	31		100	
ı	13		.5 meg	32		90	
1	14		.25 meg	33		277	
ĺ	15		50,000	34		166	
ı	16		.5 meg	35		290	
í	17		25,000	36		45	
ı	18		100,000	37		45	
1	10		F	1			

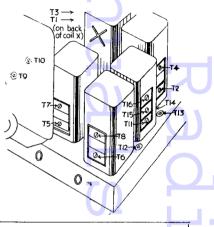
FERGUSON 378

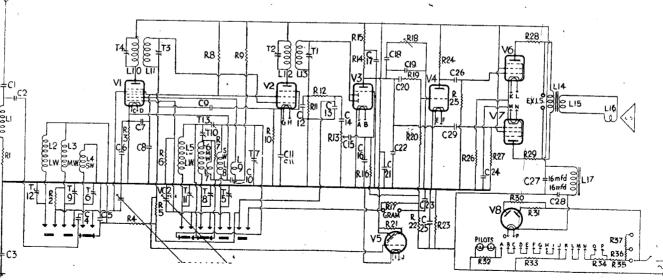
IN the January issue we published service sheets for the Ferguson 378 AC and 378 AC-DC. It appears that the trimmer positions given are not those found in the majority of models.

A revised diagram is given below and the trimmer numbers correspond to those given in the circuit and text for the AC model on page vi of the January issue.

The same instructions apply to AC-DC models and the details given previously for that set should be ignored.

The IF of both AC and AC-DC models is 465 kcs.





In the 802 table model and 805 radiogram there are eight valves against the five of the 801. Pushpull output is provided with a phase reversing input stage. The third additional valve is a CR type tuning indicator.