

SERVICE SHEET "TRADER"

EVER READY 5214 (AND 5215, 5216, 5218)

The Ever Ready 5214, 5215 and 5216.

HE Ever Ready model 5214 is an all-dry battery superhet portable covering the MW and LW bands, and employing four valves.

Actually there are three models, differing only in the cabinet finish. Model 5214 has a red/black finish; model 5216 a gold/black finish and model 5216 a blue/black finish. In addition, the table model 5218 is similar, except that it has a larger cabinet, larger frame aerials, and a larger speaker.

Release dates: 5214, 5, 6, June, 1939; 5218, Sept., 1939.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

Tuned frame aerial input L2 (MW), plus L3 (LW) and C12 to octode valve (V1, Ever Ready metallised DK1) which operates as frequency changer with electron coupling.

Provision for connection of external aerial and earth via coupling winding

V1 oscillator grid coils L4 (MW), plus L5 (LW), are tuned by C14; parallel trimming by C15 (MW) and C16 (LW); series tracking by C18 (MW) and C17 (LW). Reaction by coils L6 (MW) and L7 (LW).

Second valve (V2, Ever Ready metallised DF1) is an RF pentode operating as IF amplifier with transformer couplings C19, L8, L9, C20, and C21, L10,

Intermediate frequency 452KC/S.

Diode second detector is part of singlediode triode valve (V3, Ever Ready metallised DAC1). Audio frequency component in rectified output is developed across manual volume control R8, which also operates as load resistance, and passed via C7 to CG of triode sec-

tion. IF filtering by C5, R7, C6.

DC potential across R7, R8 appears also across R5, R6, and is tapped off at as GB to their junction and fed back FC and IF valves, giving AVC.

Resistance-caacity coupling by R10, C9 and R11 between V3 triode and pentode output valve (V4, Ever Ready DL2). Fixed tone correction by C10 in anode

COMPONENTS AND VALUES

CONDENSERS		Values (μF)
C1 C2 C3* C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 C10 C11; C12† C14† C15; C16; C16; C17; C18; C19; C20;	AVC line decoupling VI osc. CG condenser HT reservoir condenser HT reservoir condenser VI SG decoupling AF coupling to V3 triode IF by-pass condensers V3 triode to V4 AF coupling Fixed tone corrector Frame aerial LW trimmer Frame aerial LW trimmer Oscilator circuit tuning Osc. circuit MW trimmer Osc. circuit LW tracker Osc. circuit LW tracker Osc. circuit The tracker Osc. circuit LW tracker	0.05 0.0001 8.0 0.01 0.00005 0.0001 0.0005 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.0001 0.00006 0.0006
C22	2nd IF trans. sec. tuning	

* Electrolytic. † Variable. ‡ Pre-set.

RESISTANCES		Values (ohms)
R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10 R11 R12	V1 osc. CG resistance Oscillator reaction circuit (damping resistances V1 SG HT feed) AVC feed potential divider (IF stopper	260,000 10,000 16,000 71,000 11,000,000 4,100,000 110,000 500,000 1,100,000 2,100,000 850

	OTHER COMPONENTS	Approx. Values (ohms)
L1 L2	Ext. aerial coupling coil Frame aerial windings	Very low 0.8
L3	1)	4·0 1·8
L4 L5	Osc. circuit MW tuning coil Osc. circuit LW tuning coil	6.2
L6	Oscillator MW reaction	3.6
L7	Oscillator LW reaction	9.5
L8 L9	1st IF trans. Pri Sec	27·0 27·0
L10	2nd IF trans.	27.0
L11 L12	Speaker speech coil	27·0 1·8
	Ontant trans (Pri	520.0
T1	Output trans. $\{\begin{array}{lll} \mathbf{Pri.} & \dots & \dots \\ \mathbf{Sec.} & \dots & \dots \end{array}$	0.2
S1-S3	Waveband switches	_
S4	HT circuit switch Ganged	-
S5	LT circuit switch (R8	

DISMANTLING THE SET

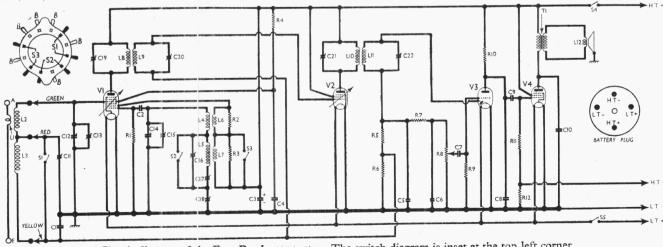
Removing Chassis .- Remove the three

control knobs (pull off); Remove the carrying case back, on which is mounted the MW frame;

Withdraw the connecting plug from the battery;

Unsolder the three leads from the two tags on the LW frame on left side of

Remove four round-head wood screws holding chassis to battens in the case,



Circuit diagram of the Ever Ready 5214, etc. The switch diagram is inset at the top left corner.

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when chassis may be withdrawn to the extent of the speaker leads, which is sufficient for normal purposes.

When replacing, connect yellow lead from chassis to upper tag on LW frame;

Connect brown lead from chassis and red lead from MW frame to lower tag on LW frame;

Connect green lead from chassis to second tag on MW frame.

To free chassis entirely, unsolder the three leads from the tags on the speaker.

When replacing, connect the two brown leads to the speech coil tags; connect the black lead to the earthing tag.

Removing Speaker.—Remove chassis as indicated above;

Remove the four nuts holding the speaker to the sub-baffle.

When replacing, the connecting panel should be on the right.

Do not forget to fit the earthing tag under the lower right-hand fixing nut. Connect leads as detailed above.

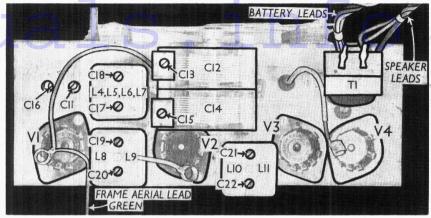
VALVE ANALYSIS

Valve voltages and currents given in the table below are those measured in our receiver when it was operating with a new 90V HT battery reading 97V on load. The receiver was tuned to the lowest wavelength on the MW band and the volume control was at maximum. The frame aerial leads were joined together.

Voltages were measured on the 400 V scale of a model 7 Universal Avometer, chassis being negative.

GENERAL NOTES

Switches.—S1-S3 are the waveband switches, in a single rotary unit beneath



Plan view of the Ever Ready 5214 chassis. One of the frame aerial leads is shown, the other two being seen in the under-chassis view.

the chassis. This is indicated in our under-chassis view, and shown in detail in the diagram inset at the top left-hand corner of the circuit diagram, where it is drawn as seen looking from the rear of the underside of the chassis. All the switches are closed on MW, and open on LW.

\$4, \$5 are the HT and LT circuit switches, ganged with the volume control **R8.** Their tags are indicated in our under-chassis view.

Coils.—L1 is the single-turn external aerial coupling coil, on the MW frame; L2 is the MW frame winding on the inside of the back of the cabinet; and L3 is the LW frame winding fitted inside the cabinet, on the left. L4-L7 and the IF transformers L8, L9 and L10, L11 are in three screened units on the chassis deck. Each unit contains two trimmers.

Trimmers C11, C16.—These are adjusted through two holes in the chassis deck.

Battery.—This is an Ever-Ready All-Dry No. 3 combined 1-5V LT and 90V HT battery, fitted with a 4-pin socket for connection to the receiver.

Battery Connector.—The four battery leads from the chassis terminate in a 4-pin plug fitting the socket in the battery. A diagram of the plug, looking at the free ends of the pins, is

inset on the right of the circuit diagram. The coding of the leads to the plug is: LT negative, black; LT positive, brown; HT negative, yellow; HT positive, red.

Chassis Divergencies.—Resistance R2 may be 11,0000. Some models may have a somewhat different gang condenser, in which case there will be an additional $20\mu\mu\text{F}$ fixed condenser wired across C15. C11 is returned to chassis in our model, but is shown directly across L3 in the makers' diagram.

CIRCUIT ALIGNMENT

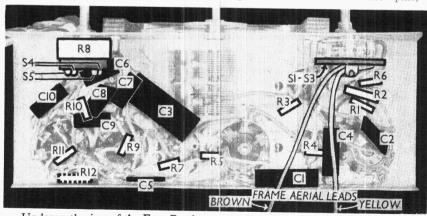
IF Stages.—Short-circuit C14 and connect a 0.5 MO resistor across tags on the frame aerials to which the green and yellow wires are connected. Connect signal generator via a $0.1\mu\text{F}$ condenser to control grid (top cap) of V1 and to chassis.

Feed in a 452 KC/S signal, and adjust C22, C21, C20 and C19, in that order, for maximum output. Re-check these settings, then remove the 0.5 MO resistor and the short from C14.

RF and Oscillator Stages.—These must be aligned with the frame aerials and chassis in position, through holes provided in the back of the cabinet. The two wavebands are not independent, and the MW band must be aligned first. With gang at maximum, pointer should cover the horizontal markings at the upper wavelength ends of the scales. Connect signal generator to external A and E sockets.

MW.—Switch set to MW, and tune to 214m mark on scale. Set C18 about two-thirds in. Feed in a 214m (1,400 KC/S) signal, and adjust C15, then C13, for maximum output. Feed in a 500m (600 KC/S) signal, tune it in, and adjust C18 for maximum output, while rocking the gang for optimum results. Readjust C15 at 214m if necessary.

LW.—Switch set to LW, tune to 1,000m on scale, and set C17 about two-thirds in. Feed in a 1,000m (300 KC/S) signal, and adjust C16, then C11, for maximum output. Feed in a 1,700m (176.4 KC/S) signal, tune it in, and adjust C17 for maximum output, while rocking the gang for optimum results. Readjust C16 at 500m if necessary.



Underneath view of the Ever Ready 5214. & The SI-S3 diagram is inset in the circuit diagram.

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